

A Basis for Verifying multi-threaded programs

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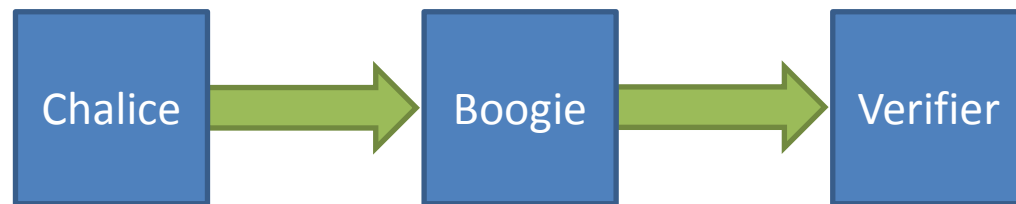
Speaker: Martin Lanter

Challenges in multi-threading

- Fine-grained locking
- Thread-local and shared objects
- Distinguish between read and write access
- Prevent Deadlocks
 - Changable locking order
- Concurrent programs/data structures must be implemented correctly

Verifying multi-threaded programs

- Fine grained locking is hard to get right
- Verify against contracts
 - no deadlocks
 - no data races

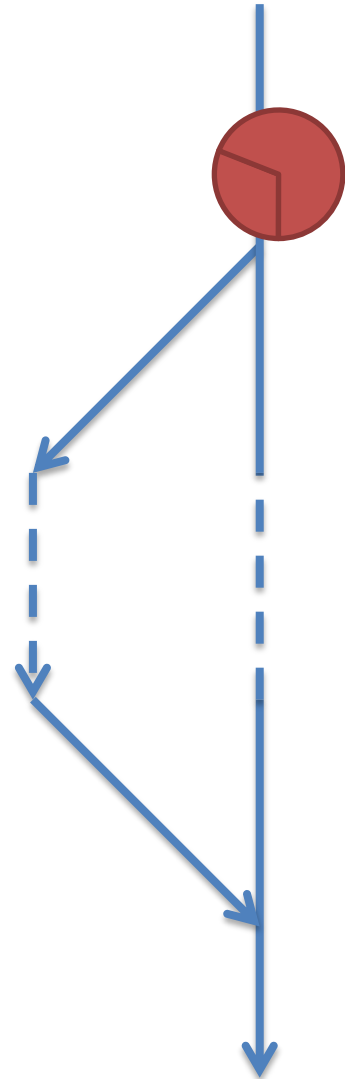


Permissions

- Between 0 and 100%
- Permission Holder
 - Threads
 - Monitors
 - System
- **acc**(f, n): n% permission for object f
- **rd**(f): infinitesimal permissions for object f

Permissions

- Obtain Permission by
 - Creating a new object (100%)
 - Acquire an object's monitor (Invariant)
 - Be forked from another thread (Precond.)
 - Join another thread (Postcond.)



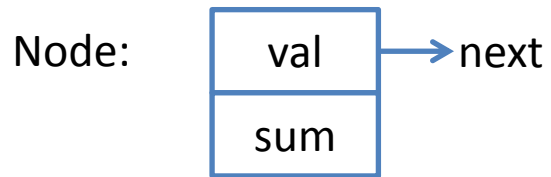
Contracts with Permissions

```
int apple;
int lemon;

void foo()
  requires acc(apple)
  ensures acc(lemon)
{
  apple = 5;
  bar();
  lemon = 7;
  ...
}

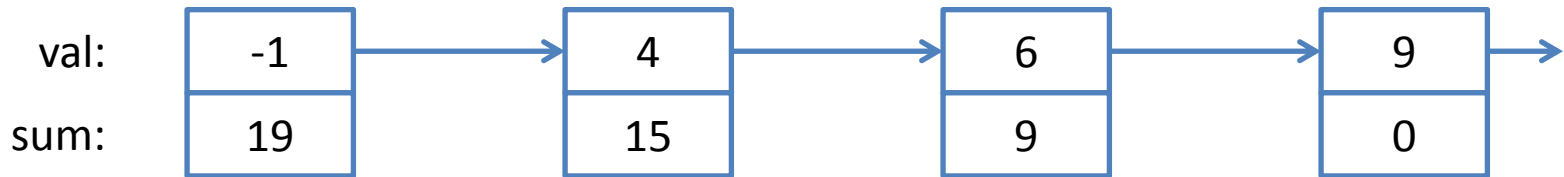
void bar()
  requires rd(apple)
  ensures rd(apple)  $\wedge$ 
         acc(lemon)
  { ... }
```

Sorted Linked List



μ : monitor's position in locking order

Sorted Linked List



Node's invariant:

a) $acc(next, 100) \wedge rd(val)$

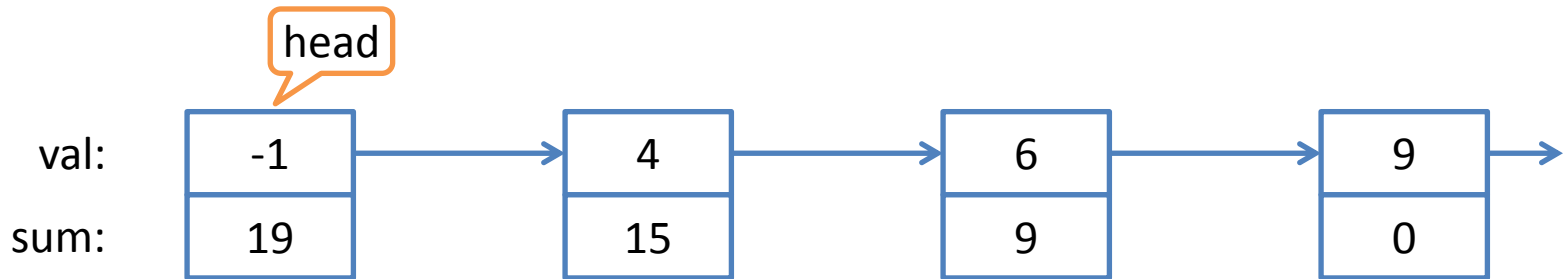
b) $next \neq null \rightarrow rd(next.val) \wedge val \leq next.val$

c) $next \neq null \rightarrow acc(next.sum, 50) \wedge sum = next.val + next.sum$

d) $acc(sum, 50) \wedge (next = null \rightarrow sum = 0)$

e) $acc(\mu, 50) \wedge (next \neq null \rightarrow acc(next.\mu, 50) \wedge \mu \sqsubseteq next.\mu)$

Insert x=7



invariant $head \neq null \wedge acc(head) \wedge acc(head.sum, 50)$

void Insert(x)

requires $rd(\mu) \wedge maxlock \subset \mu \wedge 0 \leq x;$

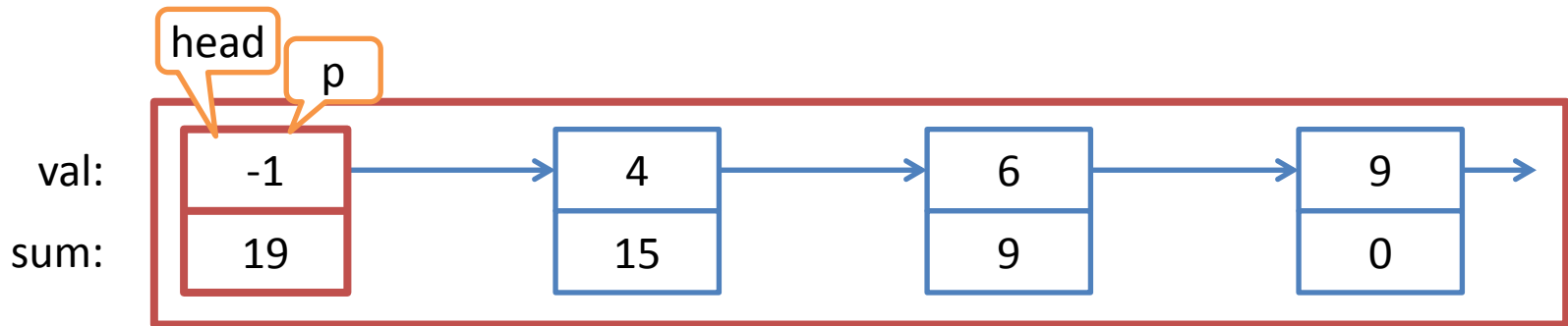
ensures $rd(\mu) \wedge maxlock \subset \mu \wedge$

$head.sum = old(head.sum) + x;$

{

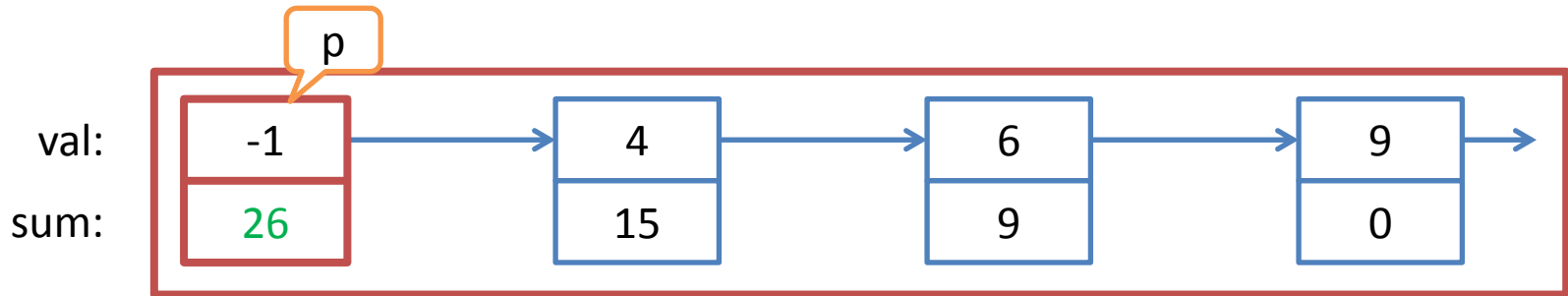
...

Insert x=7



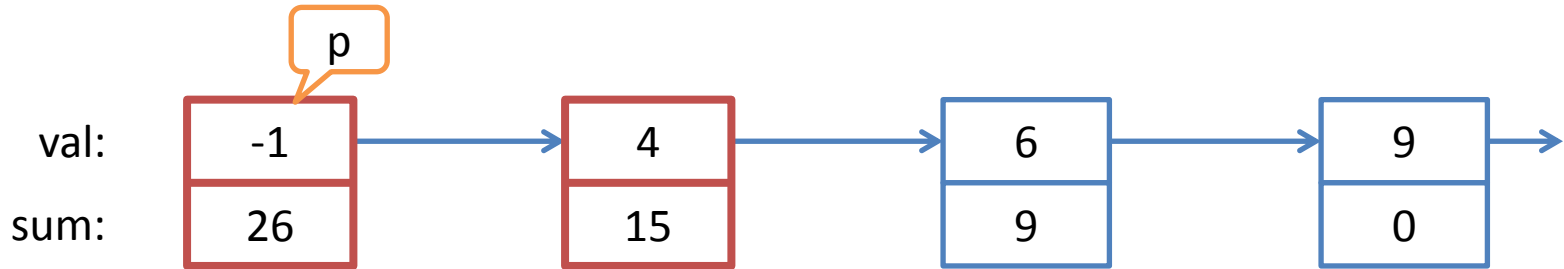
```
acquire this;  
Node p = head;  
acquire p;  
p.sum = p.sum + x;  
release this;  
...
```

Insert x=7



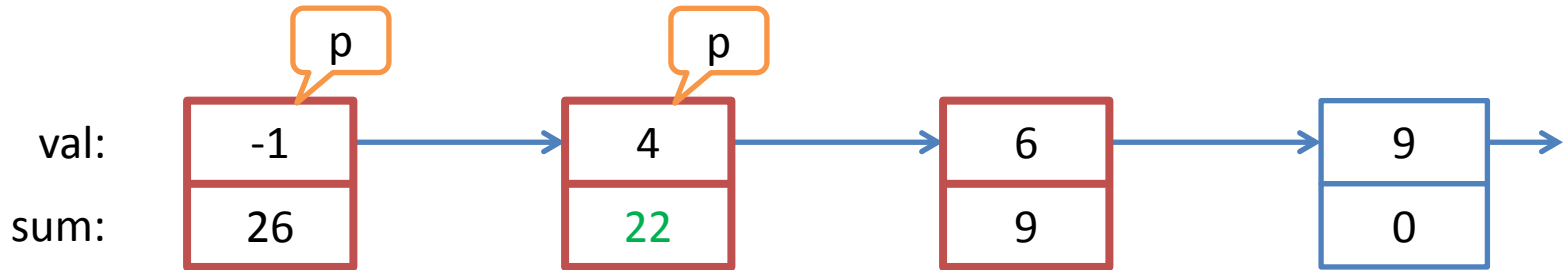
```
acquire this;  
Node p = head;  
acquire p;  
p.sum = p.sum + x;  
release this;  
...
```

Insert x=7



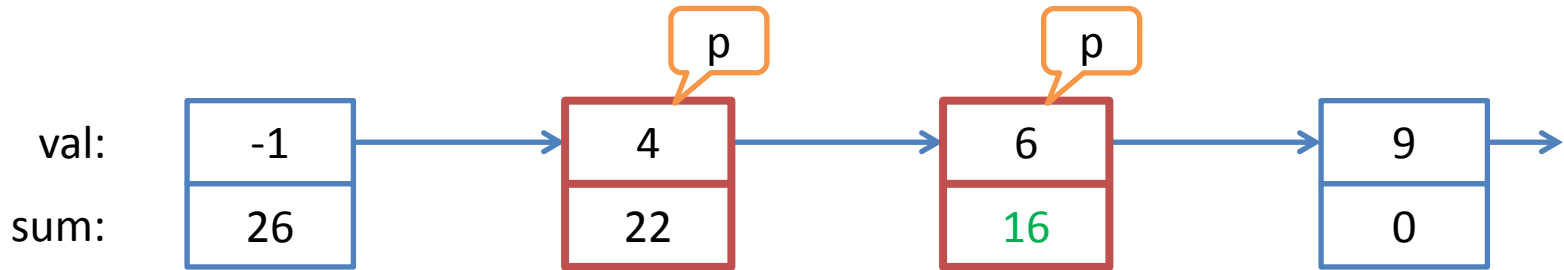
```
while (p.next ≠ null ∧ p.next.val < x)
  // loop invariant
  {
    Node nx = p.next;
    acquire nx;
    nx.sum = nx.sum + x;
    release p;
    p = nx;
  }
  ...
```

Insert x=7



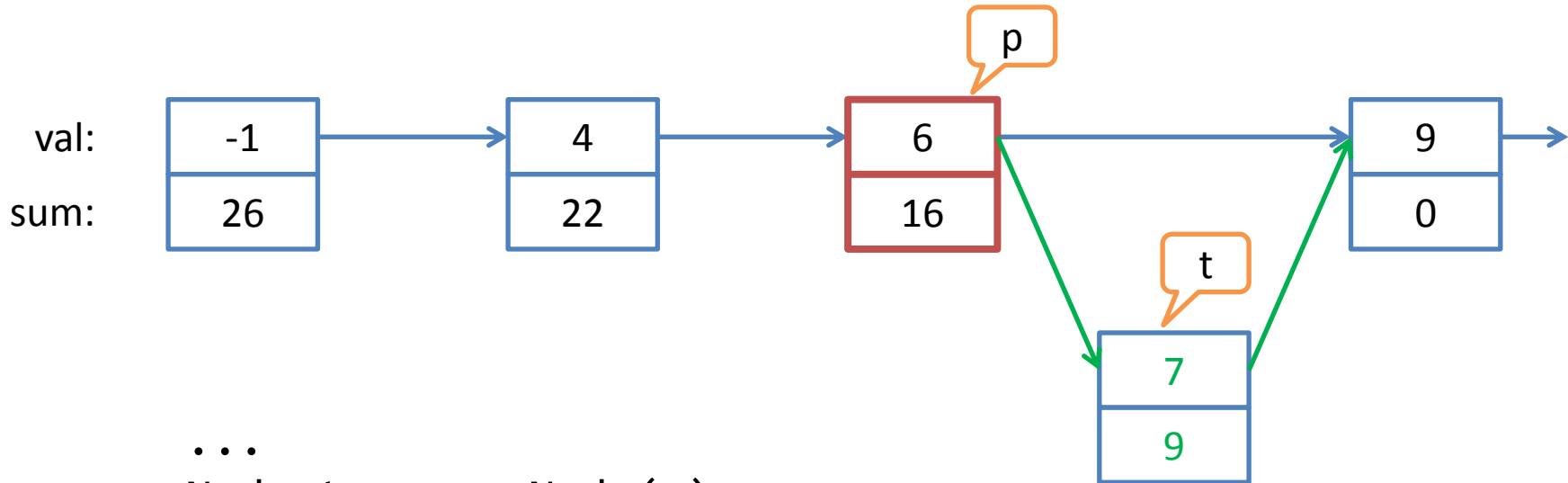
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while (p.next ≠ null ∧ p.next.val < x)
  // loop invariant
  {
    Node nx = p.next;
    acquire nx;
    nx.sum = nx.sum + x;
    release p;
    p = nx;
  }
  ...
```

Insert x=7



```
while (p.next ≠ null ∧ p.next.val < x)
  // loop invariant
  {
    Node nx = p.next;
    acquire nx;
    nx.sum = nx.sum + x;
    release p;
    p = nx;
  }
  ...
```

Insert x=7



```
...  
Node t = new Node(x);  
t.sum = p.next.val + p.next.sum;  
t.next = p.next;  
share t between p and p.next;  
p.next = t;  
release p;  
} // Insert(x)
```

Verification

- *Permission: (p,n)*
- *$P[f]$: Permission for location f*
- *$CanRead(f) \equiv \mathbf{let} (p,n) = P[f] \mathbf{in} p > 0 \vee n > 0$*
- *$CanWrite(f) \equiv \mathbf{let} (p,n) = P[f] \mathbf{in} p = 100 \wedge n = 0$*

Field Access

$x := o.f; \equiv$
assert $CanRead(o.f);$
 $x := Heap[o, f];$

$o.f := x; \equiv$
assert $CanWrite(o.f);$
 $Heap[o, f] := x;$

Acquiring and Releasing

acquire o ; \equiv
 assert $CanRead(o.\mu)$;
 assert $(\forall p \bullet Heap[p, held] \Rightarrow Heap[p, \mu] \sqsubset Heap[o, \mu])$;
 $Heap[o, held] := \mathbf{true}$;
 Inhale $\llbracket J(o) \rrbracket$

release o ; \equiv
 assert $o \neq null$;
 assert $Heap[o, held]$;
 Exhale $\llbracket J(o) \rrbracket$
 $Heap[o, held] := \mathbf{false}$;

Exhale and Inhale

$\text{Exhale}[E] \equiv$
 assert $\text{Tr}[E]$;

$\text{Inhale}[E] \equiv$
 assume $\text{Tr}[E]$;

$\text{Exhale}[P \wedge Q] \equiv$
 $\text{Exhale}[Q]$;
 $\text{Exhale}[P]$;

$\text{Inhale}[P \wedge Q] \equiv$
 $\text{Inhale}[P]$;
 $\text{Inhale}[Q]$;

$\text{Exhale}[P \Rightarrow Q] \equiv$
 if ($\text{Tr}[P]$) { $\text{Exhale}[Q]$; }

$\text{Inhale}[P \Rightarrow Q] \equiv$
 if ($\text{Tr}[P]$) { $\text{Inhale}[Q]$; }

$\text{Exhale}[\text{acc}(E.f, r)] \equiv$
 assert $\mathcal{P}[\text{Tr}[E], f] \geq \text{Tr}[r]$;
 $\mathcal{P}[\text{Tr}[E], f] := \mathcal{P}[\text{Tr}[E], f] - \text{Tr}[r]$;

$\text{Inhale}[\text{acc}(E.f, r)] \equiv$
 if ($\mathcal{P}[\text{Tr}[E], f] = (0, 0)$)
 havoc $\text{Heap}[\text{Tr}[E], f]$;
 $\mathcal{P}[\text{Tr}[E], f] := \mathcal{P}[\text{Tr}[E], f] + \text{Tr}[r]$;

$\text{Exhale}[\text{rd}(E.f)] \equiv$
 assert $\mathcal{P}[\text{Tr}[E], f] \geq \varepsilon$;
 $\mathcal{P}[\text{Tr}[E], f] := \mathcal{P}[\text{Tr}[E], f] - \varepsilon$;

$\text{Inhale}[\text{rd}(E.f)] \equiv$
 if ($\mathcal{P}[\text{Tr}[E], f] = (0, 0)$)
 { **havoc** $\text{Heap}[\text{Tr}[E], f]$; }
 $\mathcal{P}[\text{Tr}[E], f] := \mathcal{P}[\text{Tr}[E], f] + \varepsilon$;

Conclusion

- Verification against contracts
- Verification methodology
 - No data races
 - No deadlocks
 - Fine-grained locking
 - Sharing and unsharing of objects
 - Expressive
- Future work: Formal proof of soundness

Personal Opinion

- Complicated
- Great for critical datastructures

Variables

- $\text{acc}(f, n)$: $n\%$ permission for object f
- $\text{rd}(f)$: infinitesimal permissions for object f
- μ : lock position in locking order
- $u \subset v$: *u 's monitor position is strictly less than v*
- $\text{share}, \text{unshare}$: Functions to share objects between threads
- $\text{Inhale}(J)$: overtake permissions granted by invariant J
- $\text{Exhale}(J)$: hand over permissions granted by invariant J
- held : true if a thread has acquired an objects monitor
- reorder : reorder monitor position between others
- \bar{p} : list of monitors
- maxlock : maximum position of acquired monitors
- \perp : bottom monitor position
- havoc : assigns an arbitrary value to be constrained by following assume

Additional Slides

```
 $x := o.f; \equiv$   
assert  $CanRead(o.f);$   
 $x := Heap[o, f];$ 
```

```
 $o.f := x; \equiv$   
assert  $CanWrite(o.f);$   
 $Heap[o, f] := x;$ 
```

```
reorder  $o$  between  $\bar{p}$  and  $\bar{s}; \equiv$   
assert  $CanWrite(o, \mu) \wedge Heap[o, held];$   
#foreach  $p_i \in \bar{p}, s_j \in \bar{s} \{$   
  assert  $p_i = null \vee s_j = null \vee$   
     $(CanRead(p_i.\mu) \wedge CanRead(s_j.\mu) \wedge Heap[p_i, \mu] \sqsubset Heap[s_j, \mu]);$   
   $\}$   
havoc  $w;$   
#foreach  $p_i \in \bar{p} \{$  assume  $p_i = null \vee Heap[p_i, \mu] \sqsubset w; \}$  ;  
#foreach  $s_j \in \bar{s} \{$  assume  $s_j = null \vee w \sqsubset Heap[s_j, \mu]; \}$  ;  
 $Heap[o, \mu] := w;$ 
```


Additional Slides

```
share  $o$  between  $\bar{p}$  and  $\bar{s}$ ;  $\equiv$   
  assert CanWrite( $o, \mu$ );  
  assert Heap[ $o, \mu$ ] =  $\perp$ ;  
  // see (*) of reorder  
  Exhale[[J( $o$ )]]
```

```
unshare  $o$ ;  $\equiv$   
  assert CanWrite( $o, \mu$ );  
  assert Heap[ $o, held$ ];  
  Heap[ $o, held$ ] := false;  
  Heap[ $o, \mu$ ] :=  $\perp$ ;
```

```
join  $o$ ;  $\equiv$   
  assert CanWrite( $o.active$ );  
  assert Heap[ $o, active$ ];  
  Heap[ $o, active$ ] := false;  
  Inhale[[RunPost( $o$ )]]
```

```
fork  $o$ ;  $\equiv$   
  assert CanWrite( $o.active$ );  
  assert  $\neg$ Heap[ $o, active$ ];  
  Exhale[[RunPre( $o$ )]]  
  Heap[ $o, active$ ] := true;
```