Assignment 10: Petri Nets

ETH Zurich

1 Modelling Systems as Petri Nets

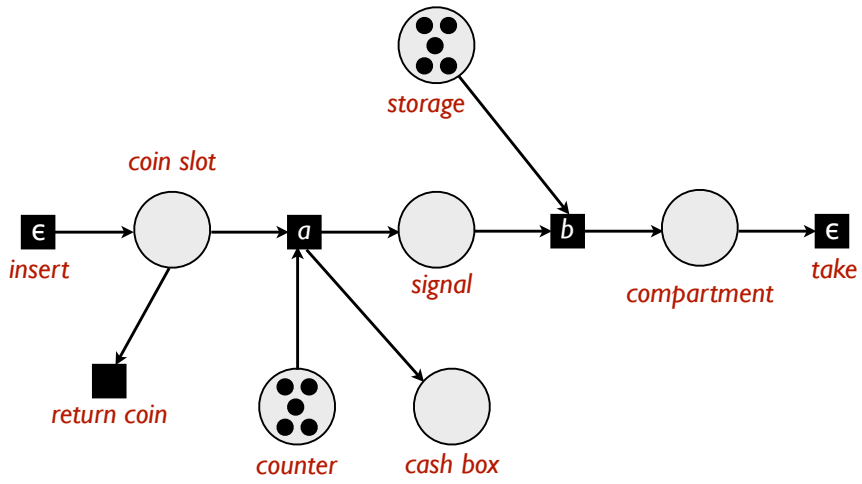
1.1 Background

These tasks have been adapted from [1] and are about *modelling* concurrent systems as Petri nets. We will use the *elementary* Petri net notation as given in the lecture slides:

http://se.inf.ethz.ch/courses/2014a_spring/ccc/lectures/11_petri-nets.pdf

1.2 Task

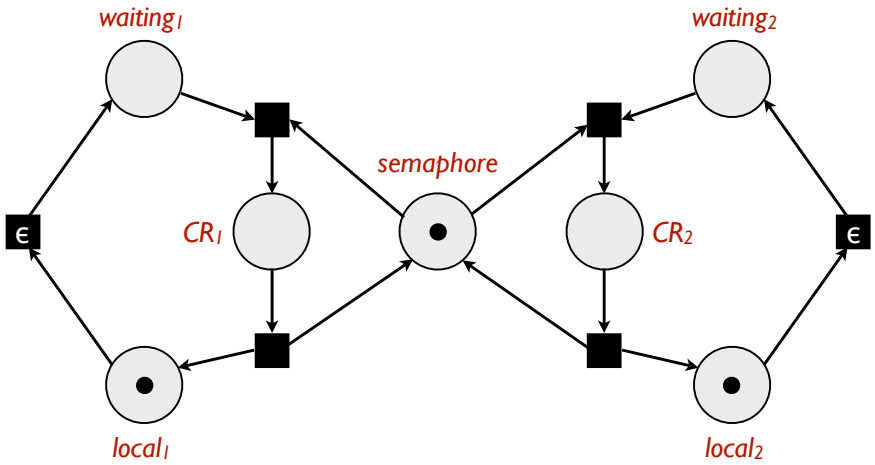
1. Consider the cookie vending machine Petri net we constructed in the lecture:



Extend the Petri net such that:

- at most one token can be in the coin slot place at any time; and
- at most one token can be in the signal place at any time.

2. Consider the Petri net we constructed for mutual exclusion:



For each process i add a place noncritical_i that holds a token if and only if that process i is not in its critical region.

3. Model as an elementary Petri net a gambling machine that has the following characteristics:

- a player can insert a coin, which should reach a "cash box";
- at this stage, the machine enters a state in which it pays out a coin from the (same) cash box an arbitrary number of times (including zero); and
- eventually, the machine stops giving out coins and becomes ready for another game.

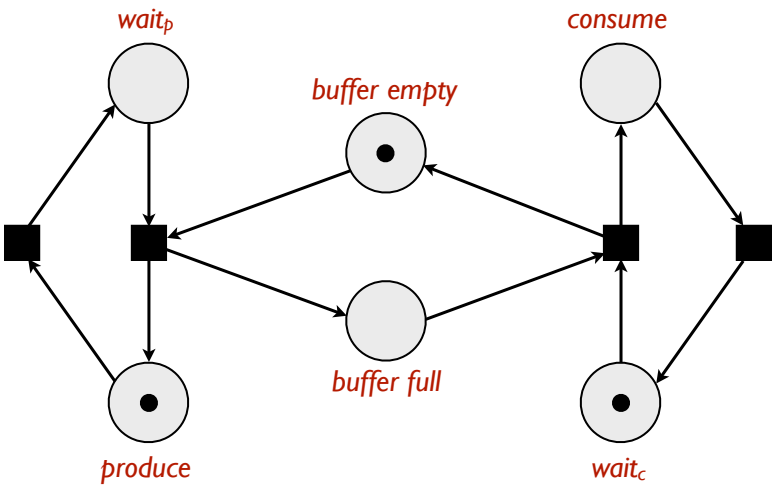
2 Reachability Graphs and Unfoldings

2.1 Background

These tasks have been partly adapted from [2], and are about the two semantics we assigned to Petri nets in the lecture: first, the semantics based on interleaving; second, the semantics based on true concurrency.

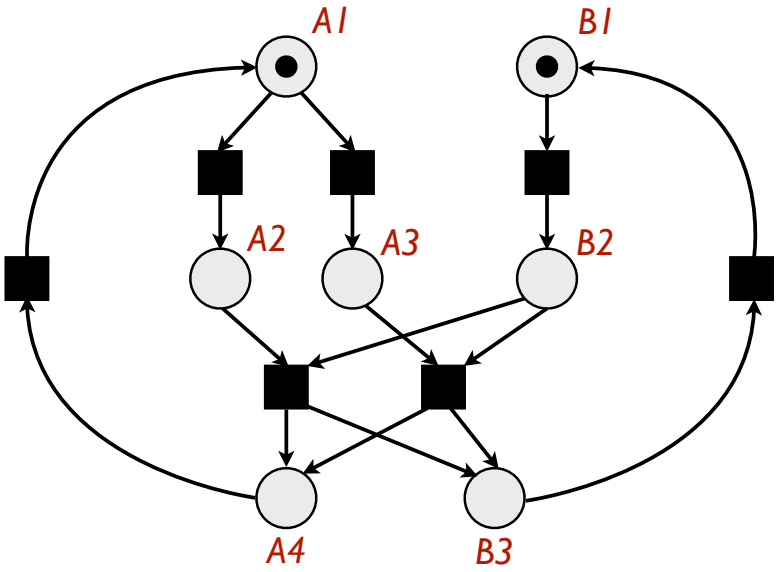
2.2 Task

1. Consider the Petri net below that models a producer-consumer scenario for a bounded buffer of capacity 1:



Construct a reachability graph for the Petri net, and prove that the buffer is never both full and empty.

2. For the Petri net below, iteratively construct its unfolding until there are 9 transitions:



References

[1] Wolfgang Reisig. Understanding Petri Nets: Modeling Techniques, Analysis Methods, Case Studies. Springer, 2013.

[2] Javier Esparza and Keijo Heljanko. Unfoldings: A Partial-Order Approach to Model Checking. Springer, 2008.