

## Problem Sheet 5: Model Checking

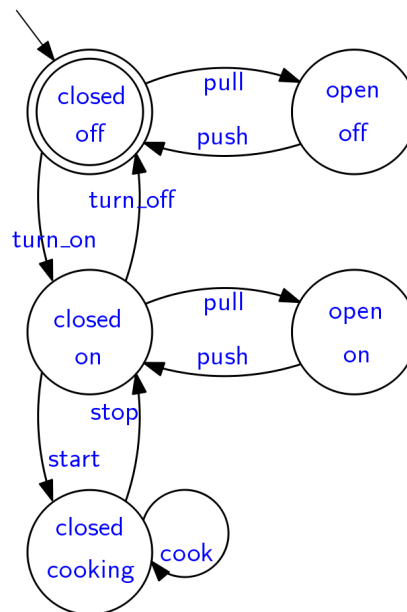
Chris Poskitt and Carlo A. Furia  
ETH Zürich

The exercises in this problem sheet are all based on the first set of model checking slides:

[http://se.inf.ethz.ch/courses/2015b\\_fall/sv/slides/09-ModelChecking.pdf](http://se.inf.ethz.ch/courses/2015b_fall/sv/slides/09-ModelChecking.pdf)

### 1 Evaluating LTL Formulae on Automata

Consider the the following microwave oven automaton:



Do the following properties hold? Justify your judgements.

- i.  $\square (\text{start} \rightarrow \diamond \text{stop})$
- ii.  $\square \diamond \text{turn\_off}$
- iii.  $\square \diamond (\text{turn\_off} \vee \text{push})$
- iv.  $\diamond (\text{turn\_off} \vee \text{push})$
- v.  $(\square \text{false}) \vee \diamond (\text{turn\_off} \vee \text{push})$
- vi.  $(\text{turn\_on} \text{ U } \text{start}) \vee (\text{pull} \text{ U } \text{push})$

## 2 Equivalence of LTL Formulae

These exercises are about proving the equivalence of LTL formulae. In the first two of these exercises, you will be proving that the operators  $\diamond$  and  $\square$  are *derived*, i.e. they can be defined entirely in terms of the core LTL operators.

- i. Recall that  $w, i \models \diamond F$  if there exists some  $j$  such that  $i \leq j \leq n$  and  $w, j \models F$ .  
Prove that this is also the case for  $w, i \models \text{true} \cup F$  (i.e. that this is an equivalent way of expressing  $\diamond F$  as a derived operator).
- ii. Recall that  $w, i \models \square F$  if for all  $j$  such that  $i \leq j \leq n$ ,  $w, j \models F$ .  
Prove that this is also the case for  $w, i \models \neg \diamond \neg F$  (i.e. that this is an equivalent way of expressing  $\square F$  in terms of other LTL operators).
- iii. Prove that  $\diamond$  is *idempotent*, i.e. that  $\diamond p$  is equivalent to  $\diamond \diamond p$ .

## 3 Automata-Based Model Checking

Let us prove by *model checking* that  $\square \diamond \text{turn\_off}$  is not a property of the microwave oven automaton in Section 1.

- i. Build an automaton with the same language as  $\neg(\square \diamond \text{turn\_off})$ .  
**Hint:** start with the non-negated formula and then invert the accepting and non-accepting states of its automaton.
- ii. Compute the intersection of the automaton you built in part (i) and the microwave oven automaton.
- iii. Check the intersection automaton for accepting runs, using them to prove that  $\square \diamond \text{turn\_off}$  is not a property of the microwave oven automaton.